

700 COMING TO WORK HERE

Emergency Fleet Corporation Offices to Be Brought From Philadelphia.

LACK LIVING PLACES

Shipping Board Seeks Co-operation to Provide Quarters.

Acommodations for the 1,700 employees of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, who will arrive in Washington from Philadelphia during the next two months, are being sought by the United States Shipping Board. Shipping Board authorities doubt housing facilities can be obtained in congested Washington.

Employees of the corporation left Philadelphia to work in Washington under Charles M. Schwab in April, 1919. Some are living with their parents, while others are married and have families. It is estimated that 700 of the employees will be housed in Washington by the shipping board.

Co-operation being sought. Appeals are being made by the shipping board to civic and business organizations for co-operation in finding homes for the incoming government employees.

A wide-spread advertising and publicity campaign is under way. The shipping board is in charge of Herman Laue, publicity manager of the board. It is said that the shipping board does not want to be housed in hotels, apartments and rooms are the accommodations needed.

Arrival of the employees necessarily is contingent on success in getting housing facilities.

The object of the transfer of offices is to coordinate the organization's activities. The operations division of the corporation has the construction division in Philadelphia. The shipping program of the government must be placed on a peace-time basis, which will mean the dovetailing of both divisions.

Won't Be In Census. Many of those coming to Washington are former residents of this city, but because of their belated return they will be excluded from Washington's census.

When the construction division left Washington it required a huge fleet of army trucks to transport the office furniture and household goods to trains and to Philadelphia. Philadelphia's patriotic citizens rely on Washingtonian patriotism in finding rooms for the incoming. A preliminary survey of housing conditions was discouraging. It may be found necessary to erect homes for the workers.

Palmer's Action Hits Anti-Sedition Measure, May Die in Committee

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

half an hour for him, a second measure was introduced. It was discussed in conference at the White House and would not be able to appear.

A messenger then brought to Chairman Campbell a letter from the Attorney General, dated yesterday, in which he said:

"I have read with great care both the Sterling bill, passed by the Senate, and the Graham bill reported by the committee on the Judiciary of the House, and feel impelled to say that neither of these bills accords with my views as to what the legislation ought to be."

The letter then stated that in response to a Senate resolution Mr. Palmer had prepared several months ago and transmitted to the Senate a bill, which, in his view, met all the requirements of the situation. The bill, which was introduced in the House by Representative Davey, Democrat of Ohio, was included in the Attorney General's letter.

The bill which have quoted, the letter reiterated, "was prepared by me only because requested to do so by a Senate committee."

It was in this part of the Attorney General's letter that members of the committee saw an effort to place all responsibility for the legislation upon Congress.

Throes Speech, Says Gompers. Mr. Gompers' attitude toward the legislation was summed up in his remarks to this question asked him by Mr. Snell near the close of his testimony:

"As I understand you, you oppose any additional legislation upon this subject, whether it be the Department of Justice says it is necessary?"

"Yes, sir," was the reply. "I have every reason to know that much of the legislation is due to hysteria and nothing else."

"Because there are a few people running around the country ranting—crazy, silly, if you please—you might be construed so as to reach the authority of such a law, no one knows where it will end."

Language "Of Force" Used. "You will observe that the language of 'force' is used. There are various kinds of force. One kind is physical force, which may be used for the attainment of political, industrial or economic changes. The workers of the United States, or organized labor, are working for economic or industrial changes. This is not reconstruction, it is destruction. It will not suppress or kill off discontent, but will increase it. When that discontent is expressed in one way or another, it will be discontent."

"Free speech is the safety valve for every governmental machine ever designed here or elsewhere."

Among the other witnesses who opposed the legislation were Jackson H. Ralston, attorney for the American Federation of Labor and the National Popular Government League; James Weldon Johnson, former United States consul in Nicaragua and now field secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People; William B. Harvey, representing the yearly meeting of the Philadelphia Society of Friends; J. Russell Smith, representing the Hikeite yearly meeting of the Philadelphia Society of Friends; Zachariah Chace, of the Harvard Law School; Horace A. Davis, of the Harvard Law School, of Boston, and S. P. Weston, of Seattle, representing the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

The hearings will be resumed this morning and are expected to again consume the entire day.

How Women Can Win Success, With Tea Things or Forceps, To Be Told at Conference

How a woman may attain success in any line of work, from running a tea room to painless dentistry, will be set forth when business and professional women of Washington launch their first general conference on January 28. The meetings will continue through February 1 and will be conducted under the auspices of the Department of Business and Professional Women of the Young Women's Christian Association, at the association building, 1332 F street northwest. Delegates from Philadelphia and Baltimore will attend.

Prominent women will address every line of endeavor being represented. A survey is being made of District business women, and it is hoped it will be completed by Thursday evening and submitted to the conference on that date.

On Their Schedule. The program of conference activities follows:

Wednesday, January 28, 8 p. m.—Dr. A. R. Thomas, president, "The Developing Group-Consciousness of Business Women." Mrs. Bertha Woodward, of New York, "Survey of Business and Professional Women's Movement." Miss Lena Phillips, executive secretary of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women.

Thursday, January 29, 5 p. m.—Conference, Mrs. Bertha Woodward, president, "Setting New Standards." Dr. A. R. Thomas, "The National Federation of Business and Professional Women." Mrs. Olive Ross, president of the Welfare Workers' Association of the District; "Women in Government Service." Miss George McNally, vice president, National Federation of Business and Professional Women; "Library Work." Miss Clara Herbert, assistant librarian, Public Library; "Tea Room Management." Miss Steger, Lotus Lantern Tea Room; "Lunch and Conversation." Mrs. A. L. Burdick, Federal Board of Vocational Education.

8 p. m.—Open meeting. "Success."

NEW WOMEN TO GET HARRELD'S JOB

Protest Over Oklahoman on Committee Causes Monday to Seek Substitute.

Reconsideration of the Republican Committee on Committees' selection yesterday of Representative Harreld, of Oklahoma, for the House Military Affairs Committee, appeared to be certain last night.

To avert a certain breach in the party organization, if the warfare started when the selection was made is allowed to continue, Representative Harreld, of the Committee on Committees, and the other leaders who backed Mr. Harreld because of his opposition to universal military training, are expected to issue a call for another meeting within a day or two.

The New York members, who led in the storm of protest, reiterated yesterday that they will not stand for Mr. Harreld's selection, and declared that they would take their fight to a caucus and even to the floor of the House unless a change is made.

According to cloakroom gossip, the place will go to Representative Newton, of Missouri. Mr. Newton leans towards universal military training, though he has no positive views on the subject, and will be entirely acceptable to Representative Julius Kahn, of California, chairman of the Military Affairs Committee and champion of universal training.

The New York members said they would not be "entirely" satisfied with Mr. Newton, but that he would suit them better than Mr. Harreld.

BROWN UNIVERSITY NEEDS \$3,000,000

Dr. Wm. H. P. Fonce, president of Brown University, told thirty-two members of the Brown University Alumni Association last night that Brown must raise \$3,000,000 by the end of this year. He spoke of the injustice of the salaries paid professors and said part of this sum was for increased salaries. He said they planned to pay professors at least \$6,000 this year.

Henry Kirk Porter, oldest member present, recalled some incidents during the early days of Brown. Dr. F. C. Burnett, the retiring president of the Alumni, acted as toastmaster. Following the toasts an election of officers was held for the ensuing year: W. Clayton Carpenter, '96, president; Henry M. Barry, '94, vice president; and George M. McCallan, '96, Capt. John L. Gammell, '15 and Chester C. Waters, '96.

Fred Thompson, Commerce Clerk, Influenza Victim

G. Fred Thompson, 34, assistant chief clerk of the Department of Commerce, died Wednesday from pneumonia that followed an attack of influenza. Thompson was to be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at his late residence, 57 F street northwest. Burial will be in Rock Creek Cemetery.

Thompson was appointed to his discharge from the Marine Corps. He entered the service at the outbreak of the war. He was unusually popular with his fellow workers.

Bainbridge's Illness Halts His Lecture Tour

Capt. Bruce Bainbridge, soldier and humorist, who collapsed shortly after his address at Polk's Theater Wednesday and who was unable to appear for his evening engagement, is still resting in Washington today. His next engagement, scheduled for Pittsburgh, and several other future engagements have been cancelled as a result of his illness.

SNORE CLASHING HOUR SUGHT

President of Retail Grocers' Association Backs 6 p.m. Bill.

LAUD FAIR PRICE WORK

Chairman of Committee Names 12 Per Cent as Bread Profit.

Closing of all Washington stores, including foodstuffs at 6 p. m., was advocated by John Wolf, president of the Capital Retail Grocers' Protective Association, at a meeting in Business High School last night.

Wolf asked that Clarence R. Wilson, chairman of the District Fair Price Committee, who was present at the meeting, draw up a bill to that effect and submit it, through the proper channels, for action by Congress.

Wolf declared that grocers were entitled to an evening's pleasure, just as persons following other occupations, and compared the storekeeper's position to slavery.

"I don't believe in the colored race," Wolf said, addressing Wilson. "You want the white race."

No Show of Animosity. If any members of the grocers' organization attended the meeting with the idea that there would be a show of animosity against Wilson, they were disillusioned by what actually occurred. The work of the fair price committee during and after the war in regard to its consideration of the claims of storekeepers.

Wilson, in addressing the meeting, returned the compliment for its co-operation with the committee.

Wilson quoted a list of fair margins of profit to be observed by retailers. The list is being considered by the committee, but no definite decision has been made regarding it.

The list named 12 per cent as a fair goods profit on bread and from 25 to 35 per cent on canned goods. Wolf also submitted a list which, from some respects, showed a lower margin than the one in the hands of the committee.

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Auto Hits Coaster

Seven-year-old Harry Gableman, 324 Georgia avenue, was taken to Garfield Hospital yesterday afternoon suffering from a broken arm and numerous bruises about his body, the result of being struck by an automobile driven by Edward Brown, 19 S street. The boy was coasting on New Hampshire avenue and Clifton street.

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Would Have U. S. from War. Bernstorff, meanwhile, October 10, had wired the Foreign Office this message, received October 17:

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Bernstorff, October 20, wired the Foreign Office this message, received October 24:

"Now, as before, Wilson cannot be expected to take peace steps before the elections, nor to cooperate with the Pope or the King of Spain. Every proposal for cooperative action is met here with invincible opposition, based on tradition. Wilson's prospects of reelection are very slim."

"I believe Wilson will very soon attempt mediation with success, especially because the feeling against England has grown considerably here, and that England, too, is trying to conceal. If peace does not come, a serious Anglo-American controversy is to be expected."

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24 TRUE BILLS FOUND BY JURY

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